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itants of Decatur, shall take such steps and employ such measures as are necessary to secure and maintain the sanitary and hygienic salubrity of the city. He shall have full charge of the prevention, restriction, and suppression of epidemics of contagious and infectious diseases. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this ordinance the commissioner of public health and safety, the superintendent of health, and other officers of the department shall be permitted to enter, at any reasonable hour, any premises, house, store, stable, manufacturing plant, or any other building, and shall have the authority to arrest, or cause to be arrested, any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 4. *Jurisdiction.*—The jurisdiction of the health department shall extend over the corporate limits of the city of Decatur and to a point one-half mile beyond the limits of said city, and all rules and regulations and ordinances relating to sanitation and public health shall apply and be in force over such territory.

SEC. 5. *Expenditures.*—The commissioner of health shall not contract any financial obligations or expend any money beyond the amount appropriated for the work of the health department. Should any emergencies arise, the commissioner of public health and safety shall immediately call upon the city council to consider his request for an emergency appropriation.

SEC. 6. *Reports.*—Said superintendent of health shall from time to time recommend to the commissioner of public health and safety, for submission to the commission, such measures as he may deem necessary to secure the hygienic and sanitary welfare of the city, and said superintendent of health shall monthly render to the commissioner of public health and safety a full and accurate statement of all expenditures incurred in the discharge of his duties, together with a general statement of the operation of the department for the preceding month, and shall annually render a full report of the work of the department to the commissioner of public health and safety.

SEC. 7. *Health inspectors.*—All health inspectors of the department shall give bond to the city in like manner and amount as a police patrolman. It shall be the duty of the inspectors to carry out the orders of the superintendent of health in relation to sanitary conditions of the city. They shall, when complaint is made, make a thorough investigation of same, and cause all nuisances to be removed and abated within a reasonable time.

SEC. 8. *Powers.*—Said inspectors shall be authorized and allowed, at any reasonable hour, to enter any store, meat market, hotel, boarding house, saloon, factory, bakery, or any other place within the city, to examine the cellars, vaults, sinks, sewers, or drains belonging thereto, also to enter all lots and premises, and to cause all stagnant pools of water to be drained off, and all dirt piles, garbage, or any other offensive material to be removed.

Motion-Picture Theaters—Cleaning and Disinfection. (Ord. 270, Apr. 10, 1916.)

ART. 10. SEC. 58. *Fumigation, disinfection, ventilation.*—It shall be the duty of the owner, lessee, or manager of every motion-picture theater in the city to thoroughly clean and disinfect the same at least once every seven days. The disinfecting or fumigation of every such theater shall be done under the direction or supervision of the health department. The cost of such disinfection or fumigation shall be charged to the owner of such theater. Every moving-picture theater shall be efficiently ventilated either by natural means or mechanically.

EL PASO, TEX.

Meat—Sale of. (Ord. May 25, 1916.)

SECTION 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sell or offer for sale any meat within the city limits of the city of El Paso, Tex., which meats have not been previously inspected and passed either by a United States Government inspector of meats or the inspector of meats employed by the city of El

Paso, Tex., and any one so doing shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not to exceed \$100.

Rags and Bones—Accumulation or Storage of, Prohibited. (Ord. May 25, 1916.)

SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to permit the accumulation or storing of rags or bones upon their property within the city limits of the city of El Paso, Tex., and any one having rags or bones now in storage on their property shall cause the same to be removed within 30 days from the passage of this ordinance, and any person, firm, or corporation violating the terms hereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon a conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not to exceed \$100.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

Foodstuffs—Persons Having Communicable Diseases Must Not Handle Foodstuffs for Sale—Physical Examination. (Res. Bd. of H., Jan. 10, 1916.)

Resolved, That article 11 of the sanitary code of the city of Mount Vernon is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 80a:

Employment of persons affected with infectious or venereal disease prohibited.—No person who is affected with any infectious disease or with any venereal disease in a communicable form shall work or be permitted to work in any place where food or drink is prepared, cooked, mixed, baked, exposed, bottled, packed, handled, stored, manufactured, offered for sale, or sold.

Whenever required by the board of health, any person employed in any such place shall submit to a physical examination by a medical inspector of said board of health. No person who refuses to submit to such examination shall work or be permitted to work in any such place.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

Milk—Sale of—Straining, Cooling, and Bottling. (Reg. Bd. of H., Apr. 20, 1916.)

Rules 6 and 7 of the rules and regulations governing the production, care, and sale of milk in New Bedford have been substituted as follows:

RULE 6. All milk produced for the purpose of sale or distribution in the city of New Bedford shall be strained and cooled as soon as it is drawn from the cow, outside of the barn, and in a clean atmosphere, and away from all sources of contamination, and such milk delivered to families, grocery stores, markets, and shops must be delivered in properly stoppered bottles.

RULE 7. Milk for sale in any store, shop, restaurant, market, bakery, or other establishment shall be stored in a refrigerator. No vessel containing milk for sale shall be allowed to stand outside said refrigerator.

Tenement Houses—Air Space—Water-Closets. (Reg. Bd. of H., Feb. 28, 1916.)

A tenement house as defined by section 2, part 1, chapter 786, acts of 1913, is any house or building, or part thereof, which is rented, leased, let, or hired out, to be occupied, or is occupied, or is intended, arranged, or designed to be occupied as the home or residence of two or more families, which families may consist of one or more persons, living independently of each other and doing their cooking on the premises, and having a common right in the halls, stairways, yard, courts, cellar, sinks, and water-closets, or any of them.

RULE 1. Every room in a tenement house as defined in section 1, special act 234, 1915, shall contain not less than 400 cubic feet of air to each adult, and 300 cubic feet of air to each child under 12 years of age occupying the room.